Northern, of the Grand Trunk Pacific and of the Grand Trunk proper, and that they should be administered on purely business principles by a board of trustees, such compensation as seemed proper to be decided by arbitration and given to the shareholders of the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk.

The process of the acquisition of these railways and the financial results of their operation down to the end of 1924 are described in a special article, "The Origin and Growth of Government-owned railways in Canada," appearing on pages 604 to 609 of this volume, and illustrated by Tables 19, 20 and 21, dealing respectively with physical operations, with earnings and expenses, and with the growth of the railway debt to the public and to the Government.

## 2.—Statistics of Steam Railways.

The steam railways of the world may be said to have commenced their operations with the opening of the Stockton and Darlington Railway in England on Sept. 26, 1825. In the intervening century, the mileage of the steam railways of the world has increased to an estimated total of 738,577 miles in 1924, of which figure 279,721 miles were state railways. Of the enormous total, slightly over one-third, or 250,282 miles, was in the United States. British India was second, with 40,401 miles and Canada a close third, with 40,061 miles. Germany had 35,558 miles, France 33,208, Russia in Europe, 30,732 miles, Australia 26,712, Argentina 22,228 miles, Brazil 18,703 miles, Mexico 16,406 miles. Of all the countries in the world, Canada had the smallest population per mile of her railway lines, viz., 230.

The mileage of steam railways in operation in Canada is given by single years for each year from 1835 to 1924 in Table 1, showing the first great period of construction in the 1850's, when the mileage grew from 16 to 2,065, the lull in the 1860's, the second great period of construction in the 1870's and 1880's, the lull in the 1890's, the third great period of construction between 1900 and 1915 and the subsequent falling-off in the rate of increase. The mileage in the different provinces is given for recent years in Table 2.

L-Record of Steam Railway Mileage as at June 30, 1835-1919, and Dec. 31, 1919-1924.

Years.	Number of miles in operation	Years.	Number of miles in operation	Years.	Number of miles in operation	Years.	Number of miles in operation.
1835 1836 1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843 1844 1845 1846 1847 1848 1849 1850 1851 1852 1853 1854 1855	16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 54 54 54 54 66 159 205 506	1858. 1859. 1860. 1861. 1862. 1863. 1864. 1865. 1866. 1867. 1868. 1869. 1870. 1871. 1872. 1873. 1874. 1875. 1876. 1877. 1878.	1,994 2,065 2,146 2,189 2,189 2,240 2,278 2,278 2,278 2,278 2,278 2,524 2,617 2,695 2,899 3,832 4,331 4,804 5,218 5,226	1881	8,697 9,577 10,273 10,773 11,793 12,184 12,163 12,628 13,151 13,838 14,564 15,005 15,627 15,977 16,270 16,550 16,550 16,870 17,250 17,657 18,140	1904. 1905. 1906. 1907. 1908. 1909. 1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915. 1916. 1917. 1918. 1919. 1919. 1919. 1920. 1921. 1922. 1923.	20, 487 21, 353 22, 452 22, 966 24, 104 24, 731 25, 400 26, 727 29, 304 30, 795 35, 582 37, 434 38, 604 38, 484 38, 501
1857	1,444	1880	6,858 7,194	1902	18,714   18,988	1924	20,001